



balanced or fairly and morally exercised. The example in this regard is the America had shown different attitudes towards the elected Palestinian and Lebanese governments. Recent Israeli strikes in Gaza have once again witnessed the occupationist's agenda.

That makes believe that western powers such as America and Israel have no respect for the rule of law, respect for sovereignty, equality and justice but on the contrary their actual policy lines are based on coercion, unjust occupations, patronising and puppet regimes. As a result, the agenda of peace and security becomes more threatened and vulnerable to the hawkish predators. The paper will highlight this theme critically.

Internet and Future Diplomacy

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Key words: Networking, Internet, Foreign Policy, Diplomacy, Politics

One of the most important tools for pursuing foreign policy goals is diplomacy through which countries seek to resolve with peaceful settlements including negotiation the issues of foreign relations. As timely information of events and its transfer to the center for quick decision making is of highly importance for successful diplomacy, Internet communication and uninterrupted networking access to the vast resources it provides for diplomats has doubled the issue. Though networking diplomacy and its many types of online messengers, diplomats make easy and simultaneous connection with the public of their host receiving and third countries, and even manage joint meetings.

Networking diplomacy is not confined to this as the likelihood to form virtual diplomatic and consular agencies and virtual secretariats for international organizations is also predictable. Governments without the need for dedicating a place for centralizing their executive activities can maintain their direct connections with other governments and international organizations and hunt any required information directly from the original website sources. This paper attempts to survey the networking facilities so far have offered to the government diplomatic and consular representations and the secretariats of international organizations and to analyze different implications in their application in future diplomacy.

A Comparative analysis of USA and India.

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Affirmative discrimination has been followed as a matter of state policy. The disadvantaged groups have been given opportunity to make progress in the public life and in employment through legislation by the state. The constitution of India has made provision for the scheduled castes, scheduled tribes and since 1990s for the other backward castes. This policy was initially meant for shorter period, as discussed in the constituent assembly of India, but under electoral compulsion it has come to stay here. More than 60 years have passed since independence, but rather than abolishing, this has got only strengthened. More and more castes are staking their claims. It can't be denied that affirmative discrimination has been followed in other countries as well, USA being a notable example.

In our present paper we aim at making a comparative analysis of the politics of affirmative discrimination and find out similarities and difference in both the countries.

Key words: constitution, positive discrimination.